Data Quality and Medical Record Abstraction in the Veterans Health Administration's External Peer Review Program

(Practice-oriented paper)

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Executive Summary

Under the Veterans Health Administration's External Peer Review Program, the West Virginia Medical Institute (WVMI) conducts monthly medical record abstractions in over 150 VA Medical Centers throughout the United States and Puerto Rico. The abstractions are performed by approximately 90 highly trained abstractors and are used to assess VHA clinical performance for: in-patient and out-patient encounters, JCAHO ORYX measures, and ad hoc studies on topics such as management of low back pain, spinal chord injury, and diabetic foot care. To help improve the validity and reliability of the abstracted medical data, WVMI has implemented a multi-method approach to monitoring abstracted data quality. The approach includes five major components:

- Bi-weekly computer-aided screening to detect anomalous performance (e.g., leading and terminal digit distributions of continuous variables);
- On-site interrater reliability assessments and calculation of prevalence adjusted Kappa agreement between abstractors and supervising Network Coordinators;
- Random and special assignment audits by one or more trained auditors;
- Analyses using SAS Enterprise Miner (including runs and randomness testing, hierarchal modeling (decision tree and cluster analysis) and neural network programming for assessing performance;
- Statistical process control for tracking and trending performance of abstractors, VAMCs, and items over time.

In addition, WVMI has created web-enabled feedback capabilities so that key administrators can rapidly access and report on performance impacting data quality. This paper will outline the data quality techniques and results that have enhanced the use of medical record data for assessing clinical performance throughout the VHA system.





Veterans Health Administration External Peer Review Program

- "EPRP" began in 1992; WVMI has been prime contractor for both of the 5 year cycles
- EPRP assesses clinical guideline performance using third party medical record abstraction
- EPRP is used for comparing performance among VHA hospitals, clinics, and across the 22 administrative regions

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Medical Record Review

- WVMI has a Nation-wide network of 95 certified medical record abstractors
- Records are abstracted throughout the year at 170 hospitals
- In FY 2001 over 350,000 records were abstracted in hospitals, out-patient clinics, and other care delivery settings
- Records are transmitted electronically to Charleston, WV and compiled and analyzed for quarterly reports

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Objectives for Abstractor Monitoring and Data Quality Assessment

- Measure abstractor performance and detect anomalous behavior
- Use "real-time" surveillance & analytical techniques to more quickly identify and correct substandard abstractor performance
- Rule out abstractor "error" and focus on other sources of variation
- Use surveillance for quality control *and* quality improvement

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Techniques used to Build the Monitoring and Assessment Model

- Data Entry Error Detection
- Leading & Terminal Digit Analysis
- Pattern Analysis
- Cluster Analysis
- AI-aided Profiling

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- Screen up-loaded medical records
- Identify abstractors (and records) with unexpected results
- Analyze results to determine source and extent of the anomalous performance
- Conduct interventions and field audit where needed
- Use results for quality improvement training

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Examples of Data Entry Error Reduction				
	4Q98	3Q00		
HT Max Min	762 -70	82 49		
WT Max Min	2,891 -15	515 47		
BPs Max Min	662 70	253 54		
BPd Max Min	150 1	126 32		
HbA1c Max Min	98.7 0	18.4 3.5		















Abstractor Outlier Report								
2001 3rd Quarter - QIC Outlier Report: Key Performance Indicators for QIC 199								
variable	level	description	Chg from history	Chg from previous	2001 3Q	2001 2Q	2001 1Q	2001 OQ BL
HKASC VD	1	Yes	estrette increase	significant increase	20%	17%	0.4%	4.2%
	2	No	extreme decrease	significant decrease	24%	82%	100%	96%
TOBSTATUS	1	Current user	increased	increased	19%	19%	195	10%
	2	Former user	increased	increased	22%	21%	17%	19%
	3	Denies current use/ no further info	decreased	decreased	22%	22%	29%	22%
	4	No use in past 7 years	increased	increased	35%	21%	28%	28%
	5	No documentation	extreme decrease	significant decrease	2.2%	6.2%	8.8%	12%



Techniques used to Assess Data Reliability

- Interrater Reliability Assessment
- Intrarater Reliability Assessment
- False Negative & False Positive Rates
- Service/Clinical Indicator Date Variance
- Item Reliability Assessment

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Problems with Kappa in Contexts of High Goal Attainment Prevalence of an observed trait: 100% Agreement that a service was provided = No Kappa Score Example: Yes No Yes 20 0 0 0 No

% agreement = 100 Kappa can not be calculated 4 wvmi

One disagreement can yield a Kappa Score of Zero ■ 95%+ Agreement that a service was/was not provided can yield a zero or negative Kappa Score Example: Yes No Yes 19 1

0

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No 0 % agreement = 95 Kappa = 0









QUI Abstractor Assessment & Audit Kappas							
Abstractor Assessment		Audit					
Kappas	#Records	Kappas	#Records				
0.83	32	0.87	24				
0.88	16	0.84	23				
0.94	15	0.88	19				
0.85	12	0.89	24				
0.96	13	0.87	17				
Overall: 0.892		0.92	24				
		0.84	21				
		0.84	22				
		0.86	28				
		0.87	25				
		Overall: 0.868					
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- Over an 18 month period, the number of required abstractions nearly tripled
- WVMI increased the number of abstractors from 35 to 95
- How has performance been impacted with increases in record volume?
- How has adding items to the instrument impacted medical record abstraction?

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Current Status of the Assessment and Data Quality Model

- Demonstrated ability to detect negligent or fabricated data
- Rate of agreement among abstractors is approximately 90%
- Agreement rates are impacted by quality in, and types of, record keeping (paper, electronic, and both together) and, the item needing abstraction